

EMERGENCY TREATMENT PLAN

Emergency action is necessary when the student has symptoms such as shortness of breath, persistent cough, wheezing, or has peak flow reading of _____.

STEPS TO TAKE DURING ASTHMA EPISODE

1. Give medication listed below.
2. Have student return to classroom if breathing easily.
3. Contact parent
 - ✓ Immediately if severe respiratory distress.
 - ✓ Any time treatment has been given, notify parents before child goes home from school.
 - ✓ Other parental instructions.

4. Seek medical care if student has any of the following;

GET EMERGENCY HELP NOW * GET EMERGENCY HELP NOW

- ✓ No improvement 15-20 minutes after initial treatment and a relative cannot be reached.
- ✓ Peak flow of _____
- ✓ Hard time breathing with:
 - ✗ chest and neck pulled in with breathing.
 - ✗ child hunched over.
 - ✗ child is struggling to breathe.
- ✓ Difficulty walking
- ✓ Unable to talk in two or three words without struggling to breathe or hard to understand or hear words.
- ✓ Stops playing and cannot start activity again.
- ✓ Lips or fingernails are gray or blue.

**IF THIS HAPPENS (#4)
GET
EMERGENCY HELP NOW!!!!**

GET EMERGENCY HELP NOW*GET EMERGENCY HELP NOW*GET EMERGENCY HELP NOW

EMERGENCY ASTHMA MEDICATIONS

	Name	Amount	Time to Use
1.	_____	_____	_____
2.	_____	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	_____
4.	_____	_____	_____

Special Instructions: _____

- Physician's order on file for self carry.

Parent/Guardian Signature

Parent/Guardian Signature

Date